ARTICLE 16. ZONING APPLICATION APPROVAL PROCESSES

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16.1 CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

A. Purpose

The regulations imposed and the districts created by this Code may be amended from time to time in accordance with this section. This process for amending the Code is intended to allow modifications in response to omissions or errors, changed conditions including subdivision of land, or changes in land use policy. Amendments are not intended to relieve particular hardships or confer special privileges or rights upon any person or party.

B. Initiation

The Caddo Parish Commission, the Metropolitan Planning Commission, a property owner who owns property within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may propose a Code text amendment. Code text amendments initiated by the Caddo Parish Commission also require an application, but are exempt from fees.

C. Authority

The Caddo Parish Commission, after receiving a recommendation from the Metropolitan Planning Commission, shall take formal action on requests for Code text amendments.

D. Process

1. Action by Executive Director

All applications for a Code text amendment must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application.

- a. Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director shall review and provide a summary of the issue to be addressed by the proposed Code text amendment, and shall also include staff comments and a recommendation regarding the application and proposed Code text amendment.
- **b.** The Executive Director shall obtain a resolution from the Metropolitan Planning Commission that authorizes the preparation of the proposed Code text amendment for review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.
- c. The Executive Director will prepare a draft of the proposed Code text amendment.
- **d.** The Executive Director may consult with appropriate City staff and/or community stakeholders groups in the course of drafting the proposed Code text amendment.

e. The Executive Director will assign a case number and place the proposed Code text amendment in ordinance draft form on the official agenda for the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

2. Action by Metropolitan Planning Commission

- a. After receipt of a complete application, summary, and staff comments, including a recommendation from the Executive Director, the Metropolitan Planning Commission will consider the proposed Code text amendment at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- b. The Metropolitan Planning Commission must evaluate the application based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section and shall recommend any of the following actions: recommendation of approval, recommendation of approval with modifications, or recommendation of denial of the application for a Code text amendment.
- c. Within 60 days of the close of the date that the recommendation is rendered, the Metropolitan Planning Commission must forward its recommendation to the Caddo Parish Commission.

3. Action by Caddo Parish Commission

- a. Upon receipt of a copy of the filed application, the Metropolitan Planning Commission Staff Report and the Metropolitan Planning Commission's recommendation the Caddo Parish Commission will follow this Code and the Caddo Parish Commission Rules of Procedure in review and action on the proposed Code text amendment.
 - i. The Caddo Parish Commission must act on the application within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
 - ii. If the Caddo Parish Commission does not act upon the application within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation, the application is deemed denied unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
- b. Decisions on a Code text amendment are not final until the Caddo Parish Commission takes action on the proposed Code text amendment in one of the following ways: approval, approval with modifications, or denial. Modifications for a Code text amendment are only allowed to clarify the intent of the proposed amendment, to resolve contradictions under the Code or to correct errors such as grammatical mistakes, labeling, numbering or formatting issues. The Caddo Parish Commission may also return the application or request for a Code text amendment to the Metropolitan Planning Commission with instructions for further review and consideration.
 - i. Simple Majority Vote. If the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommended approval of the Code text amendment then the Caddo Parish Commission may render its decision to approve the amendment with a simple majority vote. (State law reference: La. R.S. 33:140.30)
 - ii. Two-Thirds Vote. If the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommended denial of the Code text amendment then the Caddo Parish Commission shall render its decision to approve the amendment with a two-thirds vote. (State law reference: La. R.S. 33:140.30)
- c. Decisions on a Code text amendment are not final until the Caddo Parish Commission acts concerning the recommended Code text amendment.

E. Approval Standards

In making their recommendation and decision, the Metropolitan Planning Commission and Caddo Parish Commission must consider the following standards. The approval of Code text amendments is based on a balancing of these standards.

- 1. The extent to which the proposed amendment promotes the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 2. The consistency of the proposed amendment with the Master Plan and any adopted land use policies.
- **3.** The consistency of the proposed amendment with the intent of this Code.
- Whether the proposed amendment corrects an error or omission, adds clarification to existing requirements, or reflects a change in policy.
- 5. The extent to which the proposed amendment creates nonconformities.

F. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Caddo Parish Commission decision on a Code text amendment to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

Review for completeness by
Executive Director

Metropolitan Planning Commission holds
public hearing and makes recommendation to
the Parish Commission

Recommend
Approval

Review and Action by the
Parish Commission within 90 days of
receipt of recommendation from MPC

Approval

Approval with
Modifications

Approval to Denial

Approval to District Court within 30
days of Decision

FIGURE 16-1: CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

16.2 ZONING MAP AMENDMENT

A. Purpose

The regulations imposed and the districts created by this Code may be amended from time to time in accordance with this section. This process for amending the Zoning Map is intended to allow modifications in response to omissions or errors, changed conditions including subdivision of land, or changes in land use policy. Amendments are not intended to relieve particular hardships or confer special privileges or rights upon any person or party.

B. Initiation

The Caddo Parish Commission, the Metropolitan Planning Commission, A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport,, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may propose zoning map amendments. Zoning map amendments initiated by the Caddo Parish Commission also require an application, but are exempt from fees.

C. Authority

For zoning map amendments proposed within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, the Caddo Parish Commission, after receiving a recommendation from the Metropolitan Planning Commission, shall take formal action on requests for zoning map amendments.

D. Process

1. Action by Executive Director

All applications for a zoning map amendment must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application.

- a. Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director shall review and provide a summary of the proposed zoning map amendment and shall also include staff comments and a recommendation regarding the application and proposed zoning map amendment.
- **b.** The Executive Director shall then schedule the application for consideration by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

2. Pre-Application Meeting and Neighborhood Participation Plan

Some applications for zoning map amendments may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for a zoning map amendment will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan). All applications for zoning map amendments may include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. Until all required NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff, the application for a zoning map amendment will not be deemed complete. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).

3. Action by Metropolitan Planning Commission

- a. After receipt of a complete application, summary, and comments including a recommendation from the Executive Director, the Metropolitan Planning Commission will consider the proposed zoning map amendment at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- b. The Metropolitan Planning Commission must evaluate the application based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section and shall recommend any of the following actions: recommendation of approval, recommendation of approval with modifications, or recommendation of denial of the application.
- **c.** Within 60 days of the close of the date that the recommendation is rendered, the Metropolitan Planning Commission must forward its recommendation to the Caddo Parish Commission.

4. Action by Caddo Parish Commission

a. Upon receipt of a copy of the filed application, the Metropolitan Planning Commission Staff Report and the Metropolitan Planning Commission's recommendation the Caddo Parish Commission will follow this Code and the Caddo Parish Commission Rules of Procedure in review and action on the proposed zoning map amendment.

- i. The Caddo Parish Commission must act on the application within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
- ii. If the Caddo Parish Commission does not act upon the application within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation, the application is deemed denied unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
- b. Decisions on a zoning map amendment are not final until the Caddo Parish Commission takes action on the proposed zoning map amendment for properties within the boundaries of the City of Shreveport, Louisiana in one of the following ways: approve or deny. The Caddo Parish Commission may also return the application or request for a zoning map amendment to the Metropolitan Planning Commission with instructions for further review and consideration.
 - i. Simple Majority Vote. If the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommended approval of the zoning map amendment then the Caddo Parish Commission may render its decision to approve the amendment with a simple majority vote. (State law reference: La. R.S. 33:140.30)
 - ii. Two-Thirds Vote. If the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommended denial of the zoning map amendment then the Caddo Parish Commission shall render its decision to approve the amendment with a two-thirds vote. (State law reference: La. R.S. 33:140.30)

E. Approval Standards

In making their recommendation and decision, the Metropolitan Planning Commission and Caddo Parish Commission must consider the following standards. The approval of zoning map amendments is based on a balancing of these standards:

- 1. The compatibility with the existing use and zoning of nearby property.
- 2. The extent to which the proposed amendment promotes the public health, safety, and welfare.
- The suitability of the property for the purposes for which it is presently zoned, i.e., the feasibility of developing the property in question for one or more of the uses allowed under the existing zoning classification.
- 4. The consistency of the proposed amendment with the Master Plan and any adopted land use policies.
- 5. That the proposed amendment will benefit the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport as a whole, and not just the applicant, property owner(s), neighbors of any property under consideration, or other special interest groups, and the extent to which the proposed use would be in the public interest and would not serve solely the interest of the applicant.
- **6.** The extent to which the proposed amendment creates nonconformities.
- 7. The trend of development, if any, in the general area of the property in question.
- 8. Whether adequate public facilities are available including, but not limited to, schools, parks, police and fire protection, roads, sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and water lines, or are reasonably capable of being provided prior to the development of the uses, which would be permitted on the subject property if the amendment were adopted.

F. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Caddo Parish Commission decision on a zoning map amendment to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

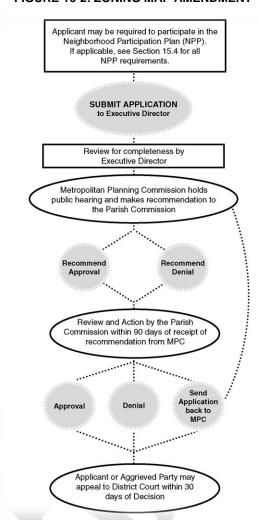


FIGURE 16-2: ZONING MAP AMENDMENT

16.3 SPECIAL USE PERMIT

A. Purpose

This Code is based upon the division the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area outside the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport into zoning districts. Within each district the use of land and structures are substantially uniform. It is recognized, however, that there are certain uses that, because of their unique characteristics, must be considered individually in a district or districts to address the impact of those uses upon neighboring land and of the need for that use at the particular location.

B. Initiation

A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may file an application to use his/her land for one or more of the special uses authorized within the zoning district. A property owner may only propose a special use for property under his/her control.

C. Authority

The Metropolitan Planning Commission shall take formal action on requests for special use permits.

D. Application Process

1. Action by Executive Director

All applications for a special use permit must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with the requirements in Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application:

- **a.** Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director shall review and provide a summary of the proposed special use permit and shall also include staff comments and a recommendation regarding the application and proposed special use permit.
- **b.** The Executive Director shall then schedule the application for consideration by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

2. Pre-Application Meeting and Neighborhood Participation Plan

Some applications for a special use permit may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for a special use permit will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan). All applications for a special use permit may include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. Until all required NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff, the application for a special use permit will not be deemed complete. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).

3. Action by Metropolitan Planning Commission

- a. After receipt of a complete application, summary, and staff comments, including a recommendation from the Executive Director, the Metropolitan Planning Commission shall consider the special use permit application at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- **b.** The Metropolitan Planning Commission must evaluate the application based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section and shall take any of the following actions: approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the application for a special use permit.
- **b.** Decisions on a special use permit are not final until the Metropolitan Planning Commission acts concerning the special use permit application.

E. Approval Standards

The listing of a use as a special use within a zoning district does not constitute an assurance or presumption that such special use will be approved. Rather, each special use permit must be evaluated on an individual basis, in relation to all applicable standards of this Code. In considering each special use permit application, the Metropolitan Planning Commission or, on appeal, the Caddo Parish Commission will review the overall compatibility of the proposed special use with surrounding property as well as such specific items, including but not limited to, screening, parking, and landscaping to make sure that the impact of the special use is minimal and that little or no adverse effects occur to nearby property.

The Metropolitan Planning Commission or, on appeal, the Caddo Parish Commission must consider the following development standards and design specifications. The approval of a special use permit is based on a balancing of these development standards and design specifications:

- 1. The design, location, and operating plans must be such that the public health, safety and/or welfare is protected.
- 2. The proposed special use is compatible with the general land use of adjacent properties and other property within 300 feet.
- 3. The special use conforms to the regulations of the zoning district where it will be located.

- 4. The location and dimensions of all public rights-of-way on or abutting the proposed special use.
- Existing and proposed vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems; including streets, alleys, walkways, service areas and loading areas, the location and arrangement of off-street parking areas and all points of vehicular entrance and exit.
- **6.** The outdoor surfacing and paving for all parking and loading areas.
- 7. The proposed perimeter treatment of the property, with indication of screening materials to be used, including fences, walls, and plants, together with a description of uses, setbacks and the relationship to surrounding areas.
- 8. A landscape plan showing proposed treatment of the areas designated as either buffers or open space.
- The location and dimensions of all existing and proposed easements and public improvements on the site.
- 10. The location and size of all structures, distances between buildings, and distances from structures to property lines.
- 11. The location and description of all signage, including facade signs on buildings.
- The proposed use of all structures and their dimensions, i.e., height, floor areas, entrances, and loading areas.

F. Conditions

- The Metropolitan Planning Commission or, on appeal, the Caddo Parish Commission may impose
 conditions and restrictions upon the establishment, location, construction, maintenance, and operation
 of the special use permit as may be deemed necessary with the intent of minimizing the impact on
 nearby properties for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 2. All conditions required for a special use permit must be complied with before any part of the use can be occupied.

G. Violations

Violation of any term, condition, requirement, or duration of a special use permit approved under this division is unlawful, and will constitute a violation of this Code, and will subject the violator to the penalties set forth in Article 19 (Enforcement). In addition, the special use permit may be revoked or suspended by the Caddo Parish Commission due to such violation, following public hearings by the Metropolitan Planning Commission and the Caddo Parish Commission.

H. Modifications to Approved Special Uses

1. Administrative Modifications to Approve Special Use Permits

The Executive Director may approve the following administrative modifications to an approved special use permit when it is determined by the Executive Director that such changes are in substantial conformance with the approved special use. Any changes considered a minor or major modification, as defined in this section, cannot be approved as an administrative modification. No notice is required for an administrative modification. Administrative modifications are as follows:

- a. A change of ownership or name of the business.
- **b.** Changes required during construction when related to final engineering issues such as topography, drainage, underground utilities, or structural safety.
- c. Changes in building design, including building materials that continue to meet the requirements of this Code and any conditions of the final plan approval.

- **d.** Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special use is increased by less than 10%.
- e. The modification of existing accessory structures or the addition of new accessory structures related to the special use when in conformance with the requirements of this Code. This does not include the addition or modification of any outdoor service components, which are considered a minor modification.
- **f.** A reduction in the amount of bicycle or vehicle parking spaces so long as the remaining number of spaces is in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
- **g.** The modification of existing signs or the addition of new signs related to the special use when in conformance with the requirements of the sign regulations.

2. Minor Modifications to Approved Special Use Permits

The Metropolitan Planning Commission, at a public meeting, may approve the following minor modifications to an approved special use permit when it is determined by the Metropolitan Planning Commission that such changes are in substantial conformance with the approved special use.

- **a.** Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special use is increased by 10% up to a maximum of 25%.
- b. The addition or modification of new outdoor service components, such as seating or dining areas.
- c. Modifications to the approved landscape plan that result in a reduction of the total amount of plant material from that shown on the approved special use permit.

3. Major Modifications to Approved Special Use Permits

The Metropolitan Planning Commission or, on appeal, the Caddo Parish Commission may approve any other changes to an approved special use permit that do not qualify as an administrative modification or minor modification. Proposed major modifications to an approved special use permit must follow the process for approval of a new special use permit of this section.

I. Term and Expiration of Special Use Permit

1. Term

A special use permit is approved indefinitely unless otherwise specified by the Metropolitan Planning Commission or, on appeal, the Caddo Parish Commission.

2. Expiration

A special use permit approval expires if any one of the following events or circumstances occurs:

- **a.** When an approved special use is changed to or replaced by another use.
- **b.** For new construction or additions or enlargements to an existing structure, the special use permit approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if a building permit has not been issued.
- **c.** For special uses within existing structures or on lots where no structure is planned, the special use permit approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if the licenses or permits required for the operation or maintenance of the use have not been obtained.

J. Appeals

1. Appeals of Metropolitan Planning Commission Decision

Within ten (10) days after the date of the decision for a special use permit by the Metropolitan Planning Commission, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal to Caddo Parish

Commission.

2. Appeals of Caddo Parish Commission

Within thirty (30) days after the date of the decision by Caddo Parish Commission on the appeal, regarding a special use permit, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal the Caddo Parish Commission decision to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

K. Appeal Process

1. Initiation

a. Applicant or Any Aggrieved Party.

The applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Metropolitan Planning Commission decision regarding a special use permit. All appeal documents and fees must be filed with the Metropolitan Planning Commission Office.

b. Fees.

- i. The applicant, if appealing the decision, shall be responsible for payment of an appeal fee in accordance with Article 21 (Fees).
- Any other aggrieved party, if appealing the decision, shall not be required to pay an appeal fee.

c. Deadline.

The applicant or any aggrieved party who wants to appeal the decision must file the appeal documents and pay the associated fees with the Metropolitan Planning Commission Office no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 10th calendar day following the date of decision by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

2. Action by Executive Director

The Executive Director shall forward any filed appeal along with the Metropolitan Planning Commission's Staff Report and the Metropolitan Planning Commission's decision regarding the special use permit to the Clerk of Council no later than the next business day following the receipt of said appeal.

3. Action by Clerk of Caddo Parish Commission

- **a.** The clerk of council shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of any appeal from an applicant or any aggrieved party.
- b. Upon receipt of an appeal the Clerk of Council shall place the appeal on the Caddo Parish Commission's agenda pursuant to Caddo Parish Commission Rules of Procedure Section 1.5.
- c. The Clerk of Council shall mail notice not less than three (3) calendar days before the Caddo Parish Commission meeting to the following:
 - i. Applicant filing an appeal,
 - ii. Any aggrieved party filing an appeal,
 - iii. Metropolitan Planning Commission through its Executive Director, and
 - iv. Any person requesting in writing notice of the appeal.

4. Action by Caddo Parish Commission

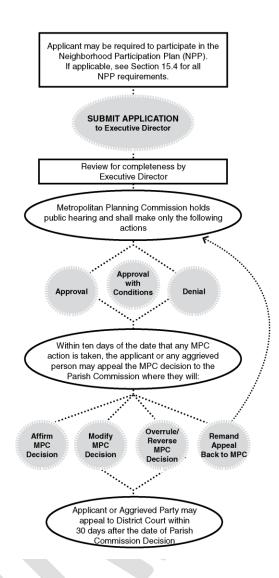
a. Upon the receipt of a copy of the filed appeal via placement on the Caddo Parish

Commission's Agenda the Caddo Parish Commission will follow this Code and the Caddo Parish Commission Rules of Procedure in review and action on the appeal. This Code prevails over any conflicting provisions in the Caddo Parish Commission Rules of Procedure.

- i. The Caddo Parish Commission must act on the appeal within 90 days unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
- ii. If the Caddo Parish Commission does not act upon the appeal within 90 days or grant the additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired, the appeal is deemed denied and the Metropolitan Planning Commission decision is affirmed.
- **b.** The Caddo Parish Commission shall take action on the appeal of a Metropolitan Planning Commission decision in one of the following ways: affirm, modify, overrule/reverse or remand to the Metropolitan Planning Commission.
- **c.** Any action by the Caddo Parish Commission on an appeal will be by motion or resolution and does not require an ordinance.
 - i. Simple Majority Vote. The Caddo Parish Commission may render its decision on an appeal of a special use permit with a simple majority vote by a quorum of its members.
 - **ii. Tie Vote**. In the event of a tie vote by a quorum of the Caddo Parish Commission members the Metropolitan Planning Commission's decision shall be deemed affirmed.







16.4 ADMINISTRATIVE SPECIAL USE PERMIT

An applicant may seek the Executive Director's approval of an Administrative Special Use Permit (ASUP) for any use identified as "A" in Table 5-1: USE MATRIX, pursuant to the standards and procedures outlined in this section.

A. Procedures for Administrative Special Use Approval

- a. An applicant for an ASUP shall file an application with the Executive Director on such forms and subject to such procedures as the Executive Director may establish for the purpose.
- 2. Some applications for an administrative special use permit may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for an administrative special use permit will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).
- 3. Notice of a pending ASUP application shall be made in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, posted on the subject property, given to nearby civic, business, and /or neighborhood associations by email or equivalent electronic notice, and prominently posted on the MPC's web page on a list of pending ASUP applications for review by the public. Such notice shall be given at least 14 days prior

- to the approval of an ASUP application. The public may submit comments to the Executive Director regarding the application.
- 4. The application shall be reviewed for compliance with all approval standards as described in Section 16.3.H.2 below.
- 5. As an alternative to an ASUP approval, an applicant may choose to seek special use permit approval pursuant to section 16.3 of this article.
- 6. After review the Executive Director may approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application.
 An approval by the Executive Director shall be deemed to have the force and effect of a Special Use Permit.
- 7. At any time during the review process for an ASUP, the Executive Director may determine that an administrative approval is not appropriate and that special use permit approval shall be required if the proposal will not be compatible with the adjacent and surrounding properties, if the applicant fails to meet the standards for the permit, or if the applicant fails to consent to the conditions of the administrative permit.
- 8. In the event any person, whether owner, leasee, principal, agent, employee or otherwise, materially fails to comply with any administrative special use standard of this subsection, the Executive Director may suspend or revoke the administrative special use approval in whole or in part and on such terms and conditions as deemed necessary to effect the cure of such failure. The applicant may appeal this suspension or revocation to the Parish Commission.

B. Administrative Special Use Approval Standards

- 1. The listing of a use as an administrative special use within a zoning district does not constitute an assurance or presumption that such administrative special use will be approved. Rather, each administrative special use permit must be evaluated on an individual basis, in relation to all applicable standards of this Code. In considering each administrative special use permit application, the Executive Director or, on appeal, the Parish Commission will review the overall compatibility of the proposed administrative special use with surrounding property as well as such specific items, including but not limited to, screening, parking, and landscaping to make sure that the impact of the administrative special use is minimal and that little or no adverse effects occur to nearby property.
- 2. The Executive Director or, on appeal, the Parish Commission must consider the following development standards and design specifications. The approval of an administrative special use permit is based on a balancing of these development standards and design specifications:
 - a. The design, location, and operating plans must be such that the public health, safety and/or welfare is protected.
 - b. The proposed special use is compatible with the general land use of adjacent properties and other property within 300 feet.
 - c. The special use conforms to the regulations of the zoning district where it will be located.
 - **d.** The location and dimensions of all public rights-of-way on or abutting the proposed special use.
 - e. Existing and proposed vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems; including streets, alleys, walkways, service areas and loading areas, the location and arrangement of off-street parking areas and all points of vehicular entrance and exit.
 - f. The outdoor surfacing and paving for all parking and loading areas.
 - g. The proposed perimeter treatment of the property, with indication of screening materials to be used, including fences, walls, and plants, together with a description of uses, setbacks and the relationship to surrounding areas.
 - A landscape plan showing proposed treatment of the areas designated as either buffers or open space.

- i. The location and dimensions of all existing and proposed easements and public improvements on the site.
- j. The location and size of all structures, distances between buildings, and distances from structures to property lines.
- k. The location and description of all signage, including facade signs on buildings.
- I. The proposed use of all structures and their dimensions, i.e., height, floor areas, entrances, and loading areas.

C. Conditions

- The Executive Director or, on appeal, the Parish Commission may impose conditions and restrictions
 upon the establishment, location, construction, maintenance, and operation of the administrative
 special use permit as may be deemed necessary with the intent of minimizing the impact on nearby
 properties for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 2. All conditions required for an administrative special use permit must be complied with before any part of the use can be occupied.

D. Violations

Violation of any term, condition, requirement, or duration of an administrative special use permit approved under this section is unlawful, and will constitute a violation of this Code, and will subject the violator to the penalties set forth in Article 19 (Enforcement). In addition, the administrative special use permit may be revoked or suspended by the Parish Commission due to such violation, following public hearings by the Metropolitan Planning Commission and the Parish Commission.

E. Minor Modifications to Approved Administrative Special Uses

The Executive Director may approve the following minor modifications to an approved administrative special use permit when it is determined by the Executive Director that such changes are in substantial conformance with the approved administrative special use. No notice is required for an administrative modification. Minor modifications are as follows:

- 1. A change of ownership or name of the business.
- Changes required during construction when related to final engineering issues such as topography, drainage, underground utilities, or structural safety.
- 3. Changes in building design, including building materials that continue to meet the requirements of this Code and any conditions of the final plan approval.
- 4. Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special use is increased by less than 10%.
- 5. The modification of existing accessory structures or the addition of new accessory structures related to the special use when in conformance with the requirements of this Code. This does not include the addition or modification of any outdoor service components, which are considered a minor modification.
- 6. A reduction in the amount of bicycle or vehicle parking spaces so long as the remaining number of spaces is in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
- 7. The modification of existing signs or the addition of new signs related to the special use when in conformance with the requirements of the sign regulations.
- **8.** Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special use is increased by 10% up to a maximum of 25%.

- 9. The addition or modification of new outdoor service components, such as seating or dining areas.
- **10.** Modifications to the approved landscape plan that result in a reduction of the total amount of plant material from that shown on the approved special use permit.

F. Major Modifications to Approved Administrative Special Use Permits

Proposed major modifications to an approved administrative special use permit must follow the process for approval of a new special use permit of this section.

G. Term and Expiration

1. Term

An administrative special use permit is approved indefinitely unless otherwise specified by the Executive Director or, on appeal, the Parish Commission.

2. Expiration

An administrative special use permit approval expires if any one of the following events or circumstances occurs:

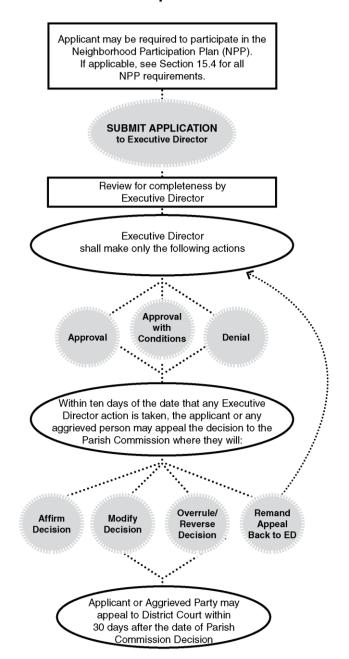
- a. When an approved administrative special use is changed to or replaced by another use.
- b. For new construction or additions or enlargements to an existing structure, the administrative special use permit approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if a building permit has not been issued.
- c. For administrative special uses within existing structures or on lots where no structure is planned, the administrative special use permit approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if the licenses or permits required for the operation or maintenance of the use have not been obtained.

3. Appeals of an Administrative Special Use Approval

- a. Within ten (10) days after the date of the decision for an administrative special use permit by the Executive Director, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal to Parish Commission, by filing a notice of appeal, in writing, stating the grounds on which the aggrieved party is affected and the grounds of appeal, with the City Clerk.
- b. The Parish Commission shall conduct a public hearing on any administrative SUP appeal filed pursuant to this section. Following the conclusion of the hearing, Parish Commission may affirm, reverse or modify the decision of the Executive Director, or vacate the decision and remand the matter to the Metropolitan Planning Commission or the Executive Director for further consideration.
- c. Within 30 days after the date of the decision by Parish Commission on the appeal, regarding an administrative special use permit, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal the Parish Commission decision to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

FIGURE 16-4: ADMINISTRATIVE SPECIAL USE PERMIT

Administrative Special Use Permit



16.45 VARIANCE TO ZONING

A. Purpose

Zoning variances are intended to address unnecessary hardships or practical difficulties resulting from the strict application of zoning-related standards. The purpose of the variance process is to provide a narrowly limited means by which relief may be granted from unforeseen applications of this Code.

B. Initiation

A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may file an application for a variance. A property owner, or his/her designee, may only propose a variance for property under his/her control.

C. Authority

- 1. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall take formal action on variance applications. However, the Executive Director is authorized to grant certain administrative exceptions, as described in Section 16.5 (Administrative Exception).
- Use variances are prohibited. A use variance is a request for a variance to allow a use that is not listed as a permitted or special use within a zoning district in Article 5.

D. Process

1. Action by the Executive Director

All applications must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application:

- a. Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director shall review and provide a summary of the proposed variance and shall also include staff comments and a recommendation regarding the application and proposed variance to zoning.
- **b.** The Executive Director shall then schedule the application for consideration by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

2. Pre-Application Meeting and Neighborhood Participation Plan

Some applications for a variance, with the exception of applications for variances involving a single-family or two-family dwelling, may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for a variance will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan). All applications for a variance, with the exception of applications for variances involving a single-family or two-family dwelling, may include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. Until all required NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff, the application for a variance will not be deemed complete. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).

3. Action by the Zoning Board of Appeals

- a. After receipt of a complete application, summary, staff comments, and recommendation from the Executive Director, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall consider the proposed variance at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- b. The Zoning Board of Appeals must evaluate the application based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section. The Zoning Board of Appeals must act on the application within 90 days of receipt of the complete application unless the Zoning Board of Appeals grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall take action in one of the following ways: approval, approval with conditions, or denial.
- c. If the Zoning Board of Appeals does not act upon the application within 90 days of receipt of the complete application, the application is deemed denied unless the Zoning Board of Appeals grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.
- **d.** The Zoning Board of Appeals may impose such conditions and restrictions upon the variance as may be deemed necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.

e. The Zoning Board of Appeals may grant a variance that is less than that requested in the submitted application when it has been decided that the applicant is entitled to some relief, but not to the entire relief requested in the variance application.

E. Approval Standards

- 1. The Zoning Board of Appeals must make findings to support the following criteria:
 - **a.** The strict application of the terms of this Code will result in undue hardship unless the specific relief requested is granted.
 - **b.** The plight of the owner is due to unique circumstances inherent to the subject property and not from the personal situation of the owner.
 - c. The variance, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the locality.
- 2. The Zoning Board of Appeals, in making its findings, may inquire into the following evidentiary issues, as well as any others deemed appropriate:
 - a. The particular physical surroundings, shape or topographical conditions of the specific property impose a particular hardship upon the owner, as distinguished from a mere inconvenience, if the strict letter of the regulations were to be carried out.
 - b. The alleged difficulty or hardship has not been created by any person presently having a proprietary interest in the property in question.
 - c. The granting of the variance will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.
 - **d.** The proposed variance is consistent with this Code.

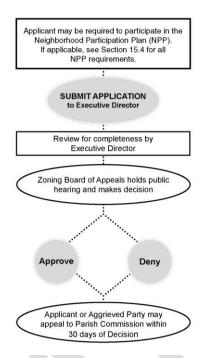
F. Expiration of Variance

An approved variance will expire 180 days from the date of approval unless a building permit is obtained before the expiration of such period. The Zoning Board of Appeals may grant an extension of time for a period of validity longer than 180 days. An applicant may apply in writing for an extension of time at any time prior to the date of expiration.

G. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Zoning Board of Appeals decision on a variance to Caddo Parish Commission.

FIGURE 16-45: VARIANCE TO ZONING



16.6 SPECIAL EXCEPTION USE

A. Purpose

- This Code currently allows certain uses to be approved with a Special Use Permit by the Metropolitan Planning Commission. It is recognized, however, that there are certain uses that, because of their unique characteristics, can be more appropriately evaluated by the Zoning Board of Appeals. These uses are known as a Special Exception Use.
- 2. Under this provision, a use or structure may be authorized by the Zoning Board of Appeals that would not be appropriate generally or without restriction throughout a district but which, if controlled could be appropriate within that district. Uses may be authorized with appropriate conditions and safeguards as may be determined by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

B. Initiation

A property owner in the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may file an application to use his/her land for one or more of the special exception uses authorized within the zoning district. A property owner may only propose a special exception use for property under his/her control.

C. Authority

The Zoning Board of Appeals shall take formal action on requests for special exception use approvals.

D. Application Process

1. Action by Executive Director

All applications for a special exception use must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with the requirements in Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application:

- a. Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director shall review and provide a summary of the proposed special exception use and shall also include staff comments and a recommendation regarding the application and proposed special exception use.
- b. The Executive Director shall then schedule the application for consideration by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

2. Action by the Zoning Board Appeals

- a. After receipt of a complete application, summary, and staff comments, including a recommendation from the Executive Director, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall consider the special exception use application at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- b. The Zoning Board of Appeals must evaluate the application based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section and shall take any of the following actions: approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the application for a special exception use.
- c. Decisions on a special exception use are not final until the Zoning Board of Appeals acts concerning the special exception use application.

E. Approval Standards

- 1. The listing of a use as a special exception use within a zoning district does not constitute an assurance or presumption that such special exception use will be approved. Rather, each special exception use permit must be evaluated on an individual basis, in relation to all applicable standards of this Code. In considering each special exception use permit application, the Zoning Board of Appeals or, on appeal, the Parish Commission will review the overall compatibility of the proposed special exception use with surrounding property as well as such specific items, including but not limited to, screening, parking, and landscaping to make sure that the impact of the special exception use is minimal and that little or no adverse effects occur to nearby property.
- 2. The Zoning Board of Appeals or, on appeal, the Parish Commission must consider the following development standards and design specifications. The approval of a special exception use is based on a balancing of these development standards and design specifications:
 - a. The design, location, and operating plans must be such that the public health, safety and/or welfare is protected.
 - b. The proposed special exception use is compatible with the general land use of adjacent properties and other property within 300 feet.
 - c. The special exception use conforms to the regulations of the zoning district where it will be located except where allowed under Article 18.
 - **d.** The special exception use in the specific location proposed is consistent with this code.

F. Conditions

- 1. The Zoning Board of Appeals or, on appeal, the Parish Commission may impose conditions and restrictions upon the establishment, location, construction, maintenance, and operation of the special exception use as may be deemed necessary with the intent of minimizing the impact on nearby properties for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 2. All conditions required for a special exception use permit must be complied with before any part of the use can be occupied.

G. Violations

Violation of any term, condition, requirement, or duration of a special exception use approved under this division is unlawful, and will constitute a violation of this Code, and will subject the violator to the penalties

set forth in Article 19 (Enforcement). In addition, the special exception use may be revoked or suspended following public hearings by the Zoning Board of Appeals and the Parish Commission, if appealed.

H. Modifications to Approved Special Exception Uses

1. Administrative Modifications to Approved Special Exception Uses

The Executive Director may approve the following administrative modifications to an approved special exception use when it is determined by the Executive Director that such changes are in substantial conformance with the approved special exception use. Any changes considered a minor or major modification, as defined in this section, cannot be approved as an administrative modification. No notice is required for an administrative modification. Administrative modifications are as follows:

- a. A change of ownership or name of the business.
- b. Changes required during construction when related to final engineering issues such as topography, drainage, underground utilities, or structural safety.
- c. Changes in building design, including building materials that continue to meet the requirements of this Code and any conditions of the final plan approval.
- d. Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special exception use is increased by less than 10%.
- e. The modification of existing accessory structures or the addition of new accessory structures related to the special exception use when in conformance with the requirements of this Code.

 This does not include the addition or modification of any outdoor service components, which are considered a minor modification.
- f. A reduction in the amount of bicycle or vehicle parking spaces so long as the remaining number of spaces is in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
- g. The modification of existing signs or the addition of new signs related to the special exception use when in conformance with the requirements of the sign regulations.

2. Minor Modifications to Approved Special Exception Uses

The Zoning Board of Appeals, at a public meeting, may approve the following minor modifications to an approved special exception use when it is determined by the Zoning Board of Appeals that such changes are in substantial conformance with the approved special exception use.

- a. Any additions or enlargements to a structure where the area devoted to a special exception use is increased by 10% up to a maximum of 25%.
- b. The addition or modification of new outdoor service components, such as seating or dining areas.
- **c.** Modifications to the approved landscape plan that result in a reduction of the total amount of plant material from that shown on the approved special exception use.

3. Major Modifications to Approved Special Exception Uses

The Zoning Board of Appeals or, on appeal, the Parish Commission may approve any other changes to an approved special exception use permit that do not qualify as an administrative modification or minor modification. Proposed major modifications to an approved special exception use permit must follow the process for approval of a new special exception use of this section.

I. Term and Expiration of Special Exception Use

1. Term

A special exception use is approved indefinitely unless otherwise specified by the Zoning Board of Appeals or, on appeal, the Parish Commission.

2. Expiration

A special exception use approval expires if any one of the following events or circumstances occurs.

- a. When an approved special exception use is changed to or replaced by another use.
- b. For new construction or additions or enlargements to an existing structure, the special exception use approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if a building permit has not been issued.
- c. For special exception uses within existing structures or on lots where no structure is planned, the special exception use approval expires within 180 days of the date of approval if the licenses or permits required for the operation or maintenance of the use have not been obtained.

J. Appeals

1. Appeals of Zoning Board of Appeals Decision

Within 10 days after the date of the decision for a special exception use by the Zoning Board of Appeals, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal to Parish Commission.

2. Appeals of Parish Commission

Within 30 days after the date of the decision by the Parish Commission on the appeal, regarding a special exception use permit, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal the Parish Commission decision to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

K. Appeal Process

1. Initiation

a. Applicant or Any Aggrieved Party

The applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Zoning Board of Appeals decision regarding a special exception use. All appeal documents and fees must be filed with the Metropolitan Planning Commission Office.

b. Fees

- i. The applicant, if appealing the decision, shall be responsible for payment of an appeal fee in accordance with Article 21 (Fees).
- ii. Any other aggrieved party, if appealing the decision, shall not be required to pay an appeal fee.

c. Deadline

The applicant or any aggrieved party who wants to appeal the decision must file the appeal documents and pay the associated fees with the Metropolitan Planning Commission Office no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 10th calendar day following the date of decision by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

2. Action by Executive Director

The Executive Director shall forward any filed appeal along with the Metropolitan Planning Commission's Staff Report and the Zoning Board of Appeals decision regarding the special exception use permit to the Clerk of Council no later than the next business day following the receipt of said appeal.

3. Action by Commission Clerk of Caddo Parish Commission

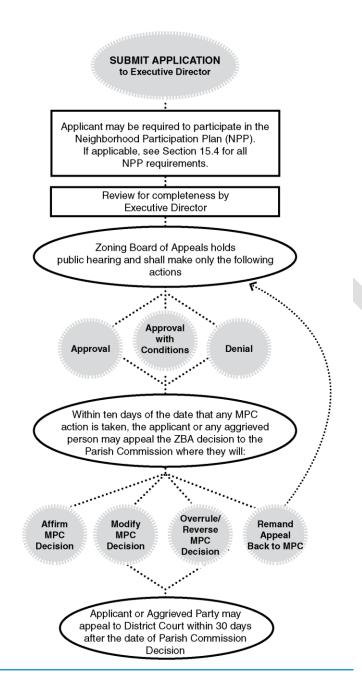
- a. The Commission Clerk of the Parish Commission shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of any appeal from an applicant or any aggrieved party.
- b. Upon receipt of an appeal the Commission Clerk I shall place the appeal on the Parish Commission's agenda pursuant to Caddo Commission Rules of Procedure.
- c. The Commission Clerk shall mail notice not less than three calendar days before the Parish Commission meeting to the following:
 - i. Applicant filing an appeal,
 - ii. Any aggrieved party filing an appeal,
 - iii. Metropolitan Planning Commission through its Executive Director, and
 - iv. Any person requesting in writing notice of the appeal.

4. Action by Parish Commission

- a. Upon the receipt of a copy of the filed appeal via placement on the Parish Commission's Agenda the Parish Commission will follow this Code and the Parish Commission Rules of Procedure in review and action on the appeal. This Code prevails over any conflicting provisions in the Parish Commission Rules of Procedure.
 - i. The Parish Commission must act on the appeal within 90 days unless the Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90-day period has expired.
 - ii. If the Parish Commission does not act upon the appeal within 90 days or grant the additional consideration time before the 90-day period has expired, the appeal is deemed denied and the Zoning Board of Appeals decision is affirmed.
- b. The Parish Commission shall take action on the appeal of a Zoning Board of Appeals decision in one of the following ways: affirm, modify, overrule/reverse or remand to the Zoning Board of Appeals.
- c. Any action by the Parish Commission on an appeal will be by motion or resolution and does not require an ordinance.
 - i. Simple Majority Vote. The Parish Commission may render its decision on an appeal of a special exception use with a simple majority vote by a quorum of its members.
 - ii. Tie Vote. In the event of a tie vote by a quorum of the Parish Commission members the Zoning Board of Appeal's decision shall be deemed affirmed.

FIGURE 16-6: SPECIAL EXCEPTION USE

Special Exception Use



16.57 ADMINISTRATIVE EXCEPTION TO ZONING

A. Purpose

Zoning variances, under Section 16.4, are intended to address unnecessary hardships or practical difficulties resulting from the strict application of zoning-related standards. The variance process, under Section 16.4, provides a narrowly limited means by which relief may be granted from unforeseen applications of this Code and the Zoning Board of Appeals shall take formal action on all variance applications. However, the Executive Director is authorized to grant certain administrative exceptions as

described in this Section. The purpose of the administrative exception is to provide relief from carrying out a requirement of this Code that may cause a minor practical difficulty.

B. Initiation

A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may file an application for an administrative exception. A property owner, or his/her designee, may only propose an administrative exception for property under his/her control.

C. Authority

Only the items listed below are eligible for an administrative exception; all other requests for relief are considered variances under Section 16.4. The Executive Director is authorized to grant administrative exceptions as follows:

- 1. A reduction in a required setback of the district of no more than 15%.
- 2. A reduction in the required setbacks for accessory structures of no more than one foot.
- 3. A reduction of required off-street parking spaces by no more than 10% of that required or two spaces, whichever is greater.
- 4. Provision of additional off-street parking spaces above any parking maximums when applicable.
- 5. A reduction in required bicycle parking of up to 50%.
- 6. A density increase of no more than 10% of the total number of residential units.
- 7. An increase in building height of six feet or less.
- 8. A hardship exists in the landscaping or screening requirements because of lot topography, size, shape, or location.

D. Process

1. Action by Executive Director

All applications for an administrative exception must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with Section 15.1 (Application). The Executive Director shall take the following actions upon submittal of an application.

- **a.** Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director will consider an application for an administrative exception.
- b. Notice is required, in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- c. If a noticed property owner objects to the administrative exception application in writing, prior to the date indicated on the notice that the Executive Director may render a decision, the application must be resubmitted as a variance, in accordance with the requirements of Section 16.4 (Variance).
- **d.** The Executive Director must review and evaluate the complete administrative exception application, pursuant to the approval standards of this section. The Executive Director must render a decision within 30 days of the date listed on the required notice, and either approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application.
- e. If the Executive Director fails to act within 30 days of the date listed on the required notice, the administrative exception will be resubmitted to the Zoning Board of Appeals as a variance, in accordance with the requirements of Section 16.4 (Variance).

- f. The Executive Director may impose such conditions and restrictions upon the administrative exception as may be deemed necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- g. The Executive Director may grant an administrative exception that is less than that requested, in the submitted application, when it has been decided that the applicant is entitled to some relief of the hardship, but not to the entire relief requested in the application.

E. Approval Standards

The decision of the Executive Director must make findings to support the following criteria:

- The strict application of the terms of this Code will result in undue hardship unless the specific relief requested is granted.
- 2. The plight of the owner is due to unique circumstances inherent to the subject property and not from the personal situation of the owner.
- 3. The variance, in the form of an administrative exception, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the locality.

F. Expiration

An approved administrative exception will expire 180 days from the date of approval unless a building permit is obtained within such period. The Executive Director may grant an extension of time for a period of validity longer than 180 days. An applicant may apply in writing for an extension of time at any time prior to the date of expiration.

G. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal an Executive Director decision on an administrative exception to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

16.68 SITE PLAN REVIEW

A. Purpose

1. Intent

The site plan review process is intended to promote orderly development and redevelopment in the City of Shreveport, and to assure that such development or redevelopment occurs in a manner that is harmonious with surrounding properties, is consistent with the Master Plan and adopted land use policies, and promotes the public health, safety, and welfare. This section provides standards by which to determine and control the physical layout and design to achieve compatibility of land uses and structures, efficient use of land, minimization of traffic and safety hazards, and incorporation of stormwater management and sustainable design techniques.

2. Exclusion of Detached Single Family and Two Family Uses

The Site Plan process establishes a procedure for coordinating improvements to properties zoned other than detached single family or two family uses.

3. Multifamily, Townhome and Nonresidential Uses

Through Site Plan review, zoning regulations and other applicable standards or ordinances that may apply to specific site development can be uniformly implemented by this Code for multifamily, townhome and nonresidential uses.

4. Results

This procedure is intended to promote, among other items, the efficient and harmonious use of land, safe and efficient vehicular and pedestrian circulation, parking and loading, lighting, screening, open space, landscaping, and natural features.

B. Authority

The Executive Director shall review and issues final approval of site plans, unless a use and/or development is required to undergo site plan review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission; in such case the Metropolitan Planning Commission has final site plan approval.

C. Applicability

1. Uses Requiring Site Plan Review

- a. All special uses require site plan review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.
- b. Certain permitted uses are identified in the use standards as requiring site plan review. These uses are reviewed by the Executive Director unless the standards require review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.
- c. Bus transfer stations.
- d. Food truck parks, major or minor.
- e. A change in principal use, except a change to single family residential use or a multitenant retail center, requires site plan review if the principal use requirements of the proposed new principal use are more stringent.

2. Developments Requiring Site Plan Review

Site plan review and approval is required for the following types of developments described in this section. These developments are reviewed by the Executive Director, unless the Code specifically requires review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

- a. New townhouse, multi-family, and non-residential (including mixed-use) construction.
- **b.** Additions to existing townhouse, multi-family, and non-residential (including mixed-use) development that increases the total floor area by 10% or more.
- c. New construction of parking lots of 10 or more spaces.
- d. New construction of parking structures.
- e. Any development with a drive-through facility, including a freestanding automated teller machine.
- f. Residential conversions per Section 4.2.F.
- g. Non-residential uses permitted by the RP Overlay District.

D. General Process

Site Plan Review involves a series of two plans, progressing from a generalized evaluation of a site and development concept, being a Preliminary Site Plan, to approval of a detailed development plan, being a Final Site Plan. All applications for site plan review must be submitted to the Executive Director in accordance with the requirements in Section 15.1 (Application).

1. Preliminary Site Plan

- a. The first plan in the series is the Preliminary Site Plan. A Preliminary Site Plan presents general information on building layout, parking, drives, landscaping, screening and other site improvements.
- b. Preliminary Site Plan approval assures the applicant that the general layout is acceptable prior to proceeding with detailed engineering and design work.

2. Final Site Plan

- a. A Final Site Plan is a detailed, scaled drawing of all surface improvements, structures and utilities proposed for development.
- **b.** Final Site Plan approval is required prior to the issuance of building permits.

3. Preliminary Site Plan and Final Site Plan Approval

- a. Preliminary Site Plans require review and approval by the Executive Director, unless otherwise specified by ordinance.
- b. Final Site Plans require review and approval by the Executive Director, unless the standards require review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission. All special use permits require final site plan review and approval by the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

E. Procedures, Forms and Standards

The Executive Director shall establish procedures, forms and standards with regard to the content, format and information constituting an application for Preliminary Site Plans and Final Site Plans. The Executive Director may amend and update the application materials from time to time.

F. Approval Criteria/Standards

The following must be evaluated in the review of site plans:

- Conformity with the regulations of this Code, and any other applicable regulations within the Code of Ordinances, and the Master Plan and other adopted land use policies.
- 2. The location, arrangement, size, design and general site compatibility of structures, lighting, and signs to ensure:
 - a. Efficient use of land that responds to the existing off-site utilities and service conditions in order to minimize the demand for additional municipal services, utilities, and infrastructure.
 - **b.** Compatibility with, and mitigation of, any potential impact upon adjacent property.
 - c. Illumination designed and installed to minimize adverse impact on adjacent properties.
 - d. Signs in conformance with this Code.
- 3. Landscape and the arrangement of open space or natural features on the site should:
 - a. Create a desirable and functional open space environment for all site users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists.
 - Preserve unique natural resources, including measures to preserve and protect existing healthy plantings.
 - c. Design drainage facilities to promote the use and preservation of natural watercourses and patterns of drainage.
 - d. Utilize plant materials suitable to withstand the climatic conditions of the City of Shreveport and microclimate of the site. The use of species native and naturalized to Louisiana is encouraged.
 - e. Use of screening to minimize the impact of the development on adjacent uses and impact of incompatible uses and certain site elements, and creating a logical transition to adjoining lots.
- **4.** Circulation systems and off-street parking designed to:
 - a. Provide adequate and safe access to the site for motor vehicles as well as alternate modes of transportation, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transit users.

- b. Eliminate dangerous traffic movements.
- c. Minimize curb cuts by using cross-access servitudes and shared parking.
- d. Clearly define a network of pedestrian connections in and between parking lots, street sidewalks, open spaces, and structures that is visible, identifiable, and safe.

G. Preliminary Site Plan

1. Preliminary Site Plan General Information

A Preliminary Site Plan is the first plan in the Site Plan approval process. A Preliminary Site Plan is less detailed and specific than a Final Site Plan in terms of exact arrangement of buildings, parking areas, open spaces, access points and any other site design features. A checklist of all required information to be depicted on a Preliminary Site Plan shall be maintained by the Executive Director.

2. Preliminary Site Plan Application Procedure and Requirements

A preliminary site plan shall be submitted in accordance with the following requirements:

a. Pre-Application Review

- i. The purpose of the pre-application review is to provide an opportunity for an informal evaluation of an applicant's proposal and to become familiar with the MPC's submittal requirements, development standards, and approval criteria with the Development Review Committee (DRC). The DRC may provide recommendations and/or inform the applicant of any potential issues that might be presented to the applicable decision-making body. The pre-application meeting does not require formal application or fee.
- ii. The Director may require an additional pre-application meeting if a complete application is not submitted within six months of the pre-application meeting.

b. Pre-Application Evaluation Not Binding

The informal evaluation and recommendations provided by the Executive Director or authorized staff during a pre-application meeting shall in no way be considered binding upon the applicant, the MPC or the City of Shreveport, nor represents approval of a project with respect to any official action that may be taken on the subsequent formal application.

c. Pre-Application Waiver

The Executive Director may waive the pre-application requirement for applications if he or she finds that the projected size, complexity, anticipated impacts, or other factors associated with the proposed development clearly, in his or her opinion, support such waiver. Granting the pre-application conference waiver may increase the risk that the application will be rejected or processing will be delayed.

d. Neighborhood Participation Plan

Some preliminary site plan applications may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for a preliminary site plan will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).

e. Preliminary Site Plan Application Submittal

Within one (1) business day after the date of the pre-application review, the MPC shall notify the applicant in writing of its informal recommendations regarding the desired development activity. After the applicant has received written notice of the Development Review Committee's (DRC) informal comments, a formal preliminary site plan application may be submitted.

- i. The Executive Director shall compile the requirements for application contents, forms, and fees and make such materials available to the public. The Executive Director may amend and update the application materials from time to time.
- ii. The Executive Director shall make a determination of application completeness. If the application is determined to be complete, the application shall then be processed according to the procedures set forth in this Code.
- iii. An application will be considered complete if it is submitted in the required form, includes all mandatory information and supporting materials specified in the application packet, and is accompanied by the applicable fee.
- iv. If the application is determined to be incomplete, the Executive Director shall provide notice to the applicant that includes an explanation of the application deficiencies. No further processing of an incomplete application shall occur until the deficiencies are corrected in a resubmittal.
- v. If any false or misleading information is submitted or supplied by an applicant on an application, that application will be deemed void and a new application must be submitted together with payment of applicable development review fees.
- vi. An applicant may file a final site plan in lieu of a preliminary site plan.

f. Preliminary Site Plan Application Review and Preparation of Staff Report

Following a determination that an application is complete, the Executive Director shall circulate the application to staff and appropriate referral entities for review. The Executive Director may also refer applications to other boards, commissions, government agencies, and nongovernmental organizations not referenced in this Article.

g. Executive Director Issues Decision and Findings for Preliminary Site Plan

After consideration of the application, the staff report, comments received from other reviewers (if applicable), the Executive Director shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application based on the applicable approval criteria/standards. Written notification of the decision shall be provided by the Executive Director to the applicant within seven business days following the decision.

h. Modification or Amendment to Preliminary Site Plan

The Executive Director may approve minor amendments to the site plan, an approved preliminary site plan for a small planned unit development (SPUD) and an approved final site plan for a planned unit development (PUD), provided the amendment conforms to the following standards:

- i. The amendment does not increase the density of the development by no more than 10% in the total number of residential units.
- ii. The amendment does not substantially alter the arrangement of buildings, increase the number or size of buildings (limited to no more than a 10% increase in the total gross floor area in square feet), or change the use of building space designated on the original plan.
- iii. The amendment does not substantially alter the configuration of streets or lots.
- iv. The amendment does not increase the height of buildings by more than six feet.
- v. The amendment does not substantially alter vehicular circulation or placement of parking areas.
- vi. The amendment does not significantly reduce or lessen the effectiveness of open space, landscape buffers, and edges.

- <u>vii.</u> The amendment does not conflict with other regulations specified within the ordinance establishing the Preliminary Site Plan.
- viii. Any other requested modifications require submittal of a new preliminary site plan for review and approval.

H. Final Site Plan

The site plan review and approval procedure is intended to ensure compliance with the development and design standards of this Code and to encourage quality development reflective of the goals and objectives of the Master Plan. The final site plan review procedures ensure that the MPC has the ability to address and mitigate any adverse impacts that may result from development projects.

1. Final Site Plan General Information

A Final Site Plan is the second plan in the Site Plan approval process. A Final Site Plan is more detailed and specific plan of the public and private improvements to be constructed. A checklist of all required information to be depicted on a final site plan shall be maintained by the Executive Director. The purpose of the plan is to:

- a. Ensure compliance with applicable development regulations and previously approved, valid plans affecting development of the property;
- b. Coordinate and document the design of public and private improvements to be constructed;
- c. Coordinate the subdivision of land, including the granting of easements, rights-of-way, development agreements and provision of surety;
- d. Promote the health, safety and welfare of the public; and
- e. Identify and address environmental concerns (i.e., floodplain, drainage, trees, topography, etc.).

2. Final Site Plan Application Procedure and Requirements

A Final Site Plan is a prerequisite for the approval of any building permit. A final site plan shall be submitted and approved in accordance with the following requirements:

a. Pre-Application Review

A pre-application review for a final site plan is not required if the applicant has previously attended the pre-application review as a part of the preliminary site plan process or if the applicant has been granted a waiver by the Executive Director.

b. Final Site Plan Application Submittal

An applicant who has received approval of a preliminary site plan may submit a final site plan for approval by the Executive Director or, in the case of a special use permit or a small planned unit development (SPUD), the Metropolitan Planning Commission. This application shall include the information listed on the Final Site Plan Application Form and Checklist, which shall be created and maintained by the Executive Director.

c. Final Site Plan Standards of Approval

- i. Administrative Review and Approval. The application for final site plan approval shall be reviewed by the Executive Director and all other appropriate review departments and/or agencies. The Executive Director may approve, approve with conditions or deny the application based upon the criteria listed below.
- ii. Metropolitan Planning Commission Approval. In cases that require site plan review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission, the Metropolitan Planning Commission may approve, approve with conditions, or deny a final site plan based upon the criteria listed below.

3. Final Site Plan Approval Criteria.

The following must be evaluated in the review of site plans:

- a. Conformity with the regulations of this Code, and any other applicable regulations within the Code of Ordinances, and the Master Plan and other adopted land use policies.
- b. The location, arrangement, size, design and general site compatibility of structures, lighting, and signs to ensure:
 - i. Efficient use of land that responds to the existing off-site utilities and service conditions in order to minimize the demand for additional municipal services, utilities, and infrastructure.
 - ii. Compatibility with, and mitigation of, any potential impact upon adjacent property.
 - iii. Illumination designed and installed to minimize adverse impact on adjacent properties.
 - iv. Signs in conformance with this Code.
- c. Landscape and the arrangement of open space or natural features on the site should:
 - i. Create a desirable and functional open space environment for all site users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists.
 - ii. Preserve unique natural resources, including measures to preserve and protect existing healthy plantings.
 - iii. Design drainage facilities to promote the use and preservation of natural watercourses and patterns of drainage.
 - iv. Utilize plant materials suitable to withstand the climatic conditions of the City of Shreveport and microclimate of the site. The use of species native and naturalized to Louisiana is encouraged.
 - v. Use of screening to minimize the impact of the development on adjacent uses and impact of incompatible uses and certain site elements, and creating a logical transition to adjoining lots and developments.
- d. Circulation systems and off-street parking designed to:
 - i. Provide adequate and safe access to the site for motor vehicles as well as alternate modes of transportation, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transit users.
 - ii. Eliminate dangerous traffic movements.
 - iii. Minimize curb cuts by using cross-access servitudes and shared parking.
 - iv. Clearly define a network of pedestrian connections in and between parking lots, street sidewalks, open spaces, and structures that is visible, identifiable, and safe.
- e. Elevation drawings of proposed façades and/or façade improvements including proposed signs.

4. Decisions for Final Site Plan

After consideration of the application, the staff report, comments received from other reviewers (if applicable), the Executive Director or Metropolitan Planning Commission, where applicable, shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application based on the applicable approval criteria/standards.

5. Conditions

If the Executive Director or Metropolitan Planning Commission approves the final site plan subject to conditions, all plans and drawings submitted as part of the application for a building permit or other approval must include those conditions.

I. Modifications to Approved Final Site Plans

- 1. An application for an amendment to an approved site plan must be submitted to the Executive Director. Amendment applications must include a written description of the proposed change, including the reason for such change, and a notation of the location on the approved final site plan.
- 2. The Executive Director may approve the following minor modifications to approved final site plans:
 - a. Minor changes required that are related to final engineering issues during construction-involving topography, drainage, underground utilities, or structural safety. The written description must show how such minor change is related to one or more of these elements.
 - b. The modification of existing accessory structures or the addition of new accessory structures when in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
 - c. The construction of additional bicycle or parking spaces.
 - **d.** A reduction in the amount of bicycle or parking spaces so long as the remaining number of spaces is in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
 - e. Modifications to the approved landscape plan that does not result in a reduction of the total amount of plant material required and conform to all landscape requirements.
 - f. The modification of existing signs or the addition of new signs when in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
 - g. The expansion of a principal structure by less than 25%.
- 3. The Executive Director may decide that the proposed change or changes to the approved final site plan is such a significant change that it constitutes a new application and is subject to a complete site plan review per the provisions of this section.

J. Façade Improvements to Existing Buildings with or without an Approved Site Plan

- 1. Façade modifications meeting the following conditions shall be exempt from the requirements of a site plan review and shall only require submittal and approval of a Minor Façade Improvements Review application before applying for a building permit:
 - a. No building square footage or dwelling units are added.
 - b. No modifications to any existing site elements (i.e., landscaping, parking, access, etc.)
- 2. The Executive Director shall have the administrative authority to waive the façade review if the determination is made that the modifications do not significantly alter the façade.
- 3. Façade modifications not meeting the above conditions shall require submittal and approval of a Final Site Plan Application Form and Checklist.
- 4. The Executive Director may require such visual elements as may be necessary to review the façade plan application.
- 5. The façade plan will be evaluated to ensure the various façade components, including but not limited to color, construction material and architectural features, are compatible and consistent with one another and complement the architectural style of the building, unless the entire façade is being completely modified.

- 6. The Executive Director shall review the façade plan for compliance with this Code and standards referenced herein.
- 7. Façade improvements do not pertain to single family dwellings and duplexes, which are exempt from the provisions of this subsection.

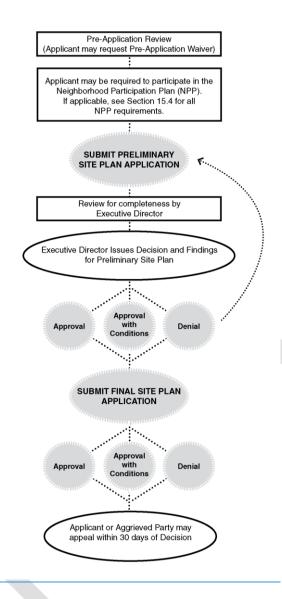
K. Modifications to Sites without Approved Site Plans

- 1. All existing improved developments that do not have a site plan on file will be considered non-conforming. Site plan approval will not be required for all of these developments except in the following described circumstances. If any one of the following occurs, site plan approval will be required:
 - a. The existing principal structure(s) is demolished and a new principal structure(s) is constructed.
 - **b.** A new principal structure(s) is constructed.
 - c. The existing structure or structures is increased in total building footprint by 50% or more.
 - d. An existing parking lot of more than 10 spaces is fully reconstructed or repaved (any amount of reconstruction or repaving over 50% of the total area of the parking lot is considered fully reconstructed or repaved), or an existing parking lot area is expanded by 50%. Resealing or restriping of an existing parking lot, which includes paving, resurfacing or replacement of the asphalt, concrete or other surface paving material of less than 50% of the total area of the parking lot is not considered reconstruction.
 - e. A new driveway is constructed that is connected to a public street.
 - f. Major changes in the vehicular circulation pattern of the site that will require staff analysis of the site.
- 2. Once a determination is made by the planning staff that site plan approval is not required in accordance with the above stated policy, the project will be processed through the permit desk.
- 3. For developments where only façade changes are contemplated (no site improvements are planned), please reference above subsection Façade Improvements to Existing Buildings.

L. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the final site plan decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may file a written appeal of the decision of the Executive Director to the Metropolitan Planning Commission. Any appeals of Metropolitan Planning Commission decisions on site plan reviews are appealed as part of the applicable zoning application.

FIGURE 16-7: SITE PLAN REVIEW



A. Purpose

The site plan review process is intended to promote orderly development and redevelopment in Caddo Parish, and to assure that such development or redevelopment occurs in a manner that is harmonious with surrounding properties, is consistent with adopted land use policies, and promotes the public health, safety, and welfare. This section provides standards by which to determine and control the physical layout and design to achieve compatibility of land uses and structures, efficient use of land, minimization of traffic and safety hazards, and incorporation of stormwater management.

B. Authority

The Executive Director reviews and issues final approval of site plans, unless a use and/or development is required to undergo site plan review by the Metropolitan Planning Commission; in such case the Metropolitan Planning Commission has final site plan approval.

C. Required Site Plan Review

- 1. Site plan review and approval is required for the following types of uses and developments:
 - a. All special uses.
 - b. Uses identified in Article 6 Use Standards as requiring a site plan review.
 - c. Bus transfer stations.
 - d. Food truck parks.
 - e. New townhouse, multi-family, and non-residential (including mixed-use) construction.
 - f. Additions to existing townhouse, multi-family, and non-residential (including mixed-use) development that increases the total floor area by 25% or more.
 - g. New construction of parking lots of 20 or more spaces.
 - h. New construction of parking structures.
 - Any development with a drive-through facility, including a freestanding automated teller machine.
 - . Residential conversions per Section 4.2.F.

D. Procedure

1. Pre-Application Conference

- a. All site plans are required to be reviewed at a Pre-Application Conference (PAC).
- b. The purpose of the PAC is to provide an opportunity for an informal evaluation of an applicant's proposal and to become familiar with the MPC's submittal requirements, development standards, and approval criteria of the PAC members. The PAC members may provide recommendations and/or inform the applicant of any potential issues that might be presented to the applicable decision-making body. The PAC does not require a fee.
- c. The Director may require an additional PAC if a complete formal application is not submitted within six months of the PAC.
- **d.** The informal evaluation and recommendations provided by the PAC members during a preapplication conference shall in no way be considered binding upon the applicant, the MPC or Caddo Parish, nor represents approval of a project with respect to any official action that may be taken on the subsequent formal application.
- e. The Executive Director may waive the pre-application requirement for applications if he or she finds that the projected size, complexity, anticipated impacts, or other factors associated with the proposed development clearly, in his or her opinion, support such waiver. Granting the pre-application conference waiver may increase the risk that the application will be rejected or processing will be delayed.

2. Site Plan Review by Executive Director

a. The Metropolitan Planning Commission staff will forward the site plan to the PAC members as appropriate. The PAC members will review and comment on the site plan.

- **b.** The MPC staff will review and make a recommendation on the site plan to the Executive Director.
- c. The Executive Director will issue final approval of site plans.

3. Site Plan Review by Metropolitan Planning Commission

- a. The Metropolitan Planning Commission staff will forward the site plan to the PAC members as appropriate. The PAC members will review and comment on the site plan.
- b. The Metropolitan Planning Commission staff will review the site plan and consult with the Executive Director for recommendations.
- c. The Executive Director will issue a recommendation to the Metropolitan Planning Commission.
- **d.** The Metropolitan Planning Commission will issue final site plan approval as part of the application under review.

4. Conditions

If the Executive Director or Metropolitan Planning Commission approves the site plan subject to conditions, all plans and drawings submitted as part of the application for a building permit or other approval must include those conditions.

E. Approval Standards

The following must be evaluated in the review of site plan:

- Conformity with the regulations of this Code, and any other applicable regulations within the Code
 of Ordinances.
- 2. The location, arrangement, size, design and general site compatibility of structures, lighting, and signs to ensure:
 - a. Efficient use of land that responds to the existing off-site utilities and service conditions in order to minimize the demand for additional municipal services, utilities, and infrastructure.
 - b. Compatibility with, and mitigation of, any potential impact upon adjacent property.
 - c. Illumination designed and installed to minimize adverse impact on adjacent properties.
- Landscape and the arrangement of open space or natural features on the site should:
 - **a.** Create a desirable and functional open space environment for all site users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists.
 - **b.** Preserve unique natural resources, including measures to preserve and protect existing healthy plantings.
 - **c.** Design drainage facilities to promote the use and preservation of natural watercourses and patterns of drainage.
 - d. Use of screening to minimize the impact of the development on adjacent uses.
- 4. Circulation systems and off-street parking designed to:

- a. Provide adequate and safe access to the site for motor vehicles as well as alternate modes of transportation, including pedestrians, bicyclists, and public transit users.
- b. Eliminate dangerous traffic movements.

F. Modifications to Approved Site Plans

- 1. The following changes can be submitted as a site plan modification rather than a full site plan review:
 - a. Minor changes required that are related to final engineering issues during construction involving topography, drainage, underground utilities, or structural safety. The written description must show how such minor change is related to one or more of these elements.
 - b. Exterior renovations to a building façade that do not increase the building footprint or height.
 - c. The modification of existing accessory structures or the addition of new accessory structures when in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
 - d. The construction of additional bicycle or parking spaces.
 - **e.** A reduction in the amount of bicycle or parking spaces so long as the remaining number of spaces is in conformance with the requirements of this Code.
 - f. Modifications to the approved landscape plan that does not result in a reduction of the total amount of plant material required and conform to all landscape requirements.
- 2. An application for a modification to an approved site plan must be submitted to the Executive Director.

 Modification applications must include a written description of the proposed change, including the reason for such change, and a notation of the location on the approved site plan.

G. Modifications to Sites without Approved Site Plans

- 1. All existing improved developments that do not have a site plan on file will be considered non-conforming. Site plan approval will not be required for these developments except in the following described circumstances. If any one of the following occurs, site plan approval will be required:
 - a. The existing principal structure(s) is demolished and a new principal structure(s) is constructed.
 - b. A new principal structure(s) is constructed.
 - c. The existing structure or structures is increased in total building footprint by 25% or more.
 - d. An existing parking lot of more than 20 spaces is fully reconstructed or repaved (any amount of reconstruction or repaving over 50% of the total area of the parking lot is considered fully reconstructed or repaved), or an existing parking lot area is expanded by 50%. Resealing or restriping of an existing parking lot, which includes paving, resurfacing or replacement of the asphalt, concrete or other surface paving material of less than 50% of the total area of the parking lot is not considered reconstruction.
 - e. A new driveway is constructed that is connected to a public street.
 - f. Major changes in the vehicular circulation pattern of the site that will require staff analysis of the site.
- 2. Once a determination is made by the planning staff that site plan approval is not required in accordance with the above stated policy, the project will be processed through the permit desk.

3. For developments where only facade changes are contemplated (no site improvements are planned), the project will be processed through the permit desk.

H. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the final decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may file a written appeal of the decision of the Executive Director to the Metropolitan Planning Commission. Any appeals of Metropolitan Planning Commission decisions on site plan reviews are appealed as part of the applicable application.

16.79 PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENTS AND SMALL PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENTS

A. Purpose

Planned unit developments are included in this Code as a special type of development. The planned unit development technique is intended to encourage and allow more creative and flexible development of land than is possible under base district zoning regulations. Planned unit development is a special approval granted under the provisions of this Section. Planned unit developments are of two types: a planned unit development (PUD), which must be a minimum of five acres, and a small planned unit development (SPUD), which may be less than five acres in area and is planned all in one stage. The purpose of the planned unit development (PUD) and small planned unit development (SPUD) process is:

- 1. To protect and provide for the public health, safety, and general welfare of the City.
- 2. To guide the future development of the City in accordance with the Master Plan.
- 3. To accommodate innovation by modifying regulations to better accomplish the City's development goals.
- **4.** To mitigate developmental impacts, especially those related to the environment, traffic, public services and facilities, and adjacent and area land uses.
- 5. To protect and enhance the aesthetic and visual quality of development.

B. Planned Unit Development Regulations

1. District Regulations

Every planned unit development must comply with all the regulations established in this Code for the district in which the planned unit development is located, except as provided for in this section.

2. Designation

The boundary of each planned unit development will be identified on the Zoning Map and designated with the letters "PUD" or "SPUD" followed by a unique number referencing the adopting ordinance and regulations.

3. Minimum Size

- a. A planned unit development (PUD) must be a minimum of five acres.
- b. A small planned unit development (SPUD) may be less than five acres in area and all development is planned in one stage. In the case of a SPUD, approval of the preliminary site plan is considered the final site plan and may be approved as such. No separate final site plan submittal is required. However, if the preliminary site plan is approved subject to conditions, then the preliminary site plan must be revised and resubmitted to the Executive Director for verification of compliance before it is used to issue building permits. With the exception of a separate final site plan submittal, a SPUD must follow all regulations and procedures of this section.

4. Permitted Areas of Regulation

A planned unit development (PUD) or a small planned unit development (SPUD) may be used to:

- a. Define and condition uses allowed within the underlying districts, including expanding or restricting uses permitted by-right or by special use permit, including alcoholic beverage uses. Planned unit development zoning may specify the location of land uses and define standards, including the hours of operation and performance impacts of land uses.
- **b.** Specify development standards and actions required to protect the environment and to preserve natural features and vegetation within the district.
- c. Define the development standards pertaining to the building dimensional and setback standards, the number of buildings, the density, the design and exterior appearance of buildings, the standards for lot size and width, the location, extent, and design for open space, landscape, screening and buffers, the permitted appurtenances, signs, and amenities. A planned unit development (PUD) or a small planned unit development (SPUD) may modify, delete, or add to standards of the underlying district. The standards may be more or less restrictive than those in the underlying district.
- d. Specify the location and design of streets, drives, parking, and pedestrian and bikeway connections. The planned unit development (PUD) or a small planned unit development (SPUD) may be used to modify subdivision standards related to design of public and private facilities, but only where a specific finding is made by the Metropolitan Planning Commission that the alternative standard does not negatively impact public health, safety, and welfare, does not impair traffic movement, and does not result in a higher maintenance cost.
- e. Specify the timing, sequencing, and phasing of development, including coordinating the type, location, and intensity of development permitted with the construction and availability of public facilities and services.
- f. Provide for construction of public improvements and facilities on-site or within public servitudes and rights-of-way abutting the site as required to serve and benefit development within the district or as may be required to mitigate impacts resulting from development on other properties and uses outside the district. Subdivision standards pertaining to the design, performance, and cost participation for public improvements may be amended by a planned unit development (PUD) or a small planned unit development (SPUD).

5. Public Benefits and Amenities

The underlying district requirements apply unless an exception is granted as part of the approval as described in item 4 above. To be granted such exceptions, the applicant must demonstrate a substantial benefit to Caddo Parish. Design characteristics and amenities to be considered in this determination include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **a.** Community amenities including plazas, malls, formal gardens, places to congregate, outdoor seating, public art, and pedestrian and public transit facilities.
- **b.** Preservation of existing environmental features.
- **c.** Preservation of historic structures and features.
- **d.** Open space and recreational amenities including, but not limited to, swimming pools, tennis courts, hiking and jogging trails and fitness courses, playgrounds, skate parks, and similar recreational features, dog parks, natural water features and conservation areas.
- **e.** Multi-use trails, nature trails, boardwalks, overlooks, landscaped areas with native plantings, which may incorporate water features, such as a detention pond.
- f. Reduction of impervious surface throughout the development, including techniques such as low impact development, and the increased use of pervious paving materials.

- g. Enhanced building design above that required by the Code and/or the use of green building and sustainable development techniques, including Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) or LEED-equivalent certification of structures.
- **h.** Adaptive reuse of existing buildings.
- i. Provision of public car and/or bike share facilities.
- j. A senior housing set-aside of a minimum of 20%.
- k. Affordable housing set-asides within a mixed-income development of a minimum of 20%.

C. Process

Approval of a planned unit development (PUD) or a small planned unit development (SPUD) includes a pre-application meeting, optional concept plan, preliminary site plan approval, and final site plan approval, but only in the case of a planned unit development (PUD).

1. Pre-Application Meeting with Executive Director

For both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD), prior to formal submittal of an application, the applicant is required to schedule a pre-application meeting with the Executive Director.

- a. At a pre-application meeting, the applicant must provide information as to the location of the proposed planned unit development, the proposed uses, proposed public and private improvements, including the proposed public benefits and amenities, anticipated exceptions to this Code, and any other information necessary to explain the planned unit development.
- **b.** The purpose of such pre-application meeting is to make advice and assistance available to the applicant before preparation of required preliminary site plan, so that the applicant may determine whether the proposed planned unit development is in compliance with the provisions of this Code and other applicable regulations, and whether the proposed planned unit development will be in conformity with the adopted land use policies.
- **c.** The pre-application meeting does not require formal application, fee, or filing of a planned unit development application. Any opinions or advice provided are in no way binding with respect to any official action that may be taken on the subsequent formal application.

2. Neighborhood Participation Plan

Some applications for both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD) may be required to include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. If required, the application for a planned unit develop or a small planned unit development will not be deemed complete until all mandatory NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan). All applications for both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD) may include a Neighborhood Participation Plan (NPP) report. Until all required NPP documents are submitted to MPC staff, the application for a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD) will not be deemed complete. All requirements for the NPP program are described in Section 15.4 (Neighborhood Participation Plan).

3. Optional Concept Plan presented to the Metropolitan Planning Commission

For both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD), before submitting a formal application for a planned unit development, the applicant may present a concept plan before the Metropolitan Planning Commission.

a. Before submitting a formal application, the applicant may present a concept plan before the Metropolitan Planning Commission for the purpose of obtaining information and guidance prior to entering into binding commitments or incurring substantial expense. This step is optional. At minimum, the concept plan must consist of the following:

- i. A map or maps in general form containing the proposed land uses, the natural features of the development site, the character and approximate location of all roadways and access drives proposed within the planned unit development, the location of all adjacent streets and public utilities, and schematic drawings showing the size, character and disposition of buildings on the site.
- ii. A written statement containing a general explanation of the planned unit development, including a statement of the present ownership of all the land within said development and the expected schedule of construction.
- b. The Metropolitan Planning Commission will review the concept plan, and provide such information and guidance as it deems appropriate. Any opinions or advice provided by the Metropolitan Planning Commission is in no way binding with respect to any official action the Metropolitan Planning Commission or Caddo Parish Commission may take on the subsequent formal application. The review of the concept plan is not a public hearing.

4. Preliminary Site Plan

For both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD), applications must submit a preliminary site plan in accordance with the following and shall contain all submittal requirements outlined in this section.

a. Action by Metropolitan Planning Commission

- i. After receipt of a complete application, including a summary, staff comments, and a recommendation from both the Executive Director and City Engineer regarding the application and proposed planned unit development, the Metropolitan Planning Commission shall consider the preliminary site plan at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice).
- ii. The Metropolitan Planning Commission must evaluate the preliminary site plan based upon the evidence presented at the public hearing, pursuant to the approval standards of this section and shall recommend any of the following actions: recommendation of approval, recommendation of approval with conditions, or recommendation of denial of the preliminary site plan.
- iii. Within 60 days of the date a recommendation is rendered, the Metropolitan Planning Commission must forward its recommendation to the Caddo Parish Commission.

b. Action by Caddo Parish Commission

- i. The Caddo Parish Commission shall take action on the preliminary site plan for properties within the boundaries of the City of Shreveport in one of the following ways: approve, approve with conditions, or deny.
 - (1) The Caddo Parish Commission must act on the preliminary site plan within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired. The Caddo Parish Commission must take action in the form of approval, approval with conditions, or denial.
 - (2) If the Caddo Parish Commission does not act upon the preliminary site plan within 90 days of receipt of the Metropolitan Planning Commission recommendation, the preliminary plan is deemed denied unless the Caddo Parish Commission grants additional consideration time before the 90 day period has expired.

c. Approval Standards for Preliminary Site Plan

The recommendation of the Metropolitan Planning Commission and decision of the Caddo Parish Commission must make findings to support the following standards for both planned unit developments (PUD) and small planned unit developments (SPUD):

- i. Compliance with the Master Plan and adopted land use and design studies.
- ii. Compliance with this Code and other applicable development regulations, and previously approved valid plans for the property.
- iii. Impact on the site's natural resources and effect on adjacent area, property, and land use.
- iv. Safety and efficiency of vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian circulation, traffic control, and congestion mitigation.
- v. Safety and convenience of off-street parking and loading facilities.
- vi. Access for firefighting and emergency equipment to buildings.
- vii. Use of landscape and screening to shield lights, noise, movement, or activities from adjacent properties, and to complement the design and location of buildings and parking.

d. Effect of Approval of Preliminary Site Plan

- i. For a planned unit development (PUD), following approval of the preliminary site plan, the applicant will prepare and file a final site plan that includes all or a portion of the area included in the preliminary site plan.
- ii. For a small planned unit development (SPUD), approval of the preliminary site plan is considered approval of the final site plan. A copy of the preliminary site plan must be registered in the official case record and is binding upon the applicants, their heirs, successors, and assigns. The approved site plan limits and controls the issuance and validity of permits and certificates, and restricts and limits the use and operation of all land and structures within the area designated in the site plan to all conditions and limitations specified in the approval. Except as provided for in this section, the Metropolitan Planning Commission staff must review building permits and approve zoning certificates for buildings or structures in accordance with the approved site plan and with all other applicable ordinances and regulations.

5. Final Site Plan for Planned Unit Development (PUD)

- a. Following approval of the preliminary site plan for a planned unit development (PUD), the applicant will prepare and file a final site plan for the Executive Director that includes all or a portion of the area included in the preliminary site plan.
- **b.** If in compliance with the approved preliminary site plan, the Executive Director will approve the final site plan for use in the issuance of building permits.
- c. If the final site plan reflects significant change from the preliminary site plan, the Executive Director will forward the final site plan to the Metropolitan Planning Commission for further consideration in accord with procedures established for preliminary site plan review.
- d. Upon approval of the final site plan, a copy of such plan must be registered in the official case record and is binding upon the applicants, their heirs, successors, and assigns. The approved final site plan limits and controls the issuance and validity of permits and certificates, and restricts and limits the use and operation of all land and structures within the area designated in the final site plan to all conditions and limitations specified in the approval. Except as provided for in this section, the Zoning Administrator must approve building permits or zoning certificates for buildings or structures in accordance with the approved final site plan and with all other applicable ordinances and regulations.

D. Preliminary and Final Site Plan Submittal Requirements

 An application must contain the name and address of the applicant, and the names and addresses of all persons with ownership or any legal entity that owns or controls the property 5% or more. All applications must include the signed concurrence of the owners of the property for which approval is being sought.

- 2. An application must be accompanied by a site plan that must include both maps and a written statement, and must show enough detail of the area surrounding the proposed development to demonstrate the compatibility of the planned unit development to adjoining uses, both existing and proposed. The application must include the following information on one or more dimensioned, engineer-scaled drawings of no less than 11"x 17" in size. The drawing must include existing and proposed site conditions and improvements.
 - a. Site boundaries and dimensions, existing and proposed lot lines, site coverage and square footage, and approximate distance to the nearest cross street.
 - **b.** Location map, north arrow, scale and title block.
 - **c.** The existing topography at two-foot contour intervals.
 - d. Drainage within the project and surrounding area including inlets, culverts, and other drainage structures onsite and immediately adjacent to the site.
 - e. Existing and proposed land use and existing zoning.
 - f. Natural features including tree masses, floodplains, drainage ways and creeks or bayous.
 - g. Existing and proposed development on adjacent properties.
 - **h.** Public streets and private drives with pavement widths, rights-of-way, turning lanes, median openings, curb cuts, driveways, and sidewalks with dimensions, radii, and surface type.
 - i. Parking areas and structures including the number and layout of standard spaces, handicap spaces, the location of ramps, crosswalks, and loading areas with typical dimensions and surface types.
 - Landscaping and open space areas with dimensions and total square footage (separate landscape plan required).
 - **k.** Areas proposed to be dedicated, or reserved for parks, parkways, easements, playgrounds, school sites, public and semipublic uses, and common areas.
 - I. Building locations and footprints, including dimensions, size, coverage, height, building lines and setbacks, and use.
 - m. Location and type of signs.
 - n. Elevation and perspective drawings of proposed structures and improvements including proposed signs. The drawings need not be the result of final architectural decisions.
 - Screening walls, fences, living screens, retaining walls, headlight screens, dumpster screening, and service area screens, including height and type of construction and/or planting specification.
 - Water and sanitary sewer mains and service lines with sizes, valves, fire hydrants, manholes, and other structures on site or immediately adjacent to the site specified.
 - q. Water and sewer connections, meter locations, sizes, and meter and/or detector check valve vaults indicated.
 - r. A development schedule indicating:
 - i. The proposed stages of development.
 - ii. The anticipated beginning and completion dates of each stage.
 - iii. The area and location of common space that will be provided at each stage.

s. Agreements, provisions, and/or covenants that govern the use, maintenance and continued protection of the planned unit development and of its common areas. In any development including townhouses, condominiums, or similar ownership of units, the proposed homeowners association agreement must be included and must provide for a continuing maintenance for all common spaces.

E. Modifications to Approved Site Plans

- 1. The Executive Director may approve minor amendments to the site plan, an approved preliminary site plan for a small planned unit development (SPUD) and an approved final site plan for a planned unit development (PUD), provided the amendment conforms to the following standards:
 - **a.** The amendment does not increase the density of the development by no more than 10% in the total number of residential units.
 - **b.** The amendment does not substantially alter the arrangement of buildings, increase the number or size of buildings (limited to no more than a 10% increase in the total gross floor area in square feet), or change the use of building space designated on the original plan.
 - **c.** The amendment does not substantially alter the configuration of streets or lots.
 - d. The amendment does not increase the height of buildings by more than six feet.
 - e. The amendment does not substantially alter vehicular circulation or placement of parking areas.
 - f. The amendment does not significantly reduce or lessen the effectiveness of open space, landscape buffers, and edges.
 - g. The amendment does not conflict with other regulations specified within the ordinance establishing the PUD.
- 2. All other requested modifications to a final site plan require submittal as a new preliminary site plan for review and approval.

F. Expiration and Failure to Begin Development

1. Planned Unit Development (PUD) - Approved Preliminary and Final Site Plan

- a. The approval of a preliminary site plan for a planned unit development (PUD) is effective for a period of two years from the date of approval by the Caddo Parish Commission, at the end of which time the applicant must have submitted and received approval of a final site plan. If a final site plan is not approved within two years, the preliminary site plan approval is null and void. If the final site plan approval is only for a portion of the property, the approval of the preliminary site plan for the remaining property is null and void if a phasing plan with extended timelines was not approved as part of the preliminary site plan application. The applicant is required to submit a new preliminary site plan for review and approval subject to the existing regulations.
- b. If engineering plans and building permits are not approved and permitted construction activities have not commenced within two years, the final site plan approval is null and void. If engineering plans and permits have been approved only for a portion of the property and permitted construction activities has commenced, the final site plan for the remaining property is null and void if a phasing plan with extended timelines was not approved as part of the preliminary site plan application. The applicant is required to submit a new preliminary site plan for review and approval subject to the existing regulations.

2. Small Planned Unit Development (SPUD) Approved Preliminary Site Plan

The approval of a preliminary site plan for a small planned unit development (SPUD) is effective for a period of two years from the date of approval by the Caddo Parish Commission. If engineering plans and building permits are not approved and permitted construction activities have not commenced within two years, the preliminary site plan approval for the small planned unit development (SPUD) is null and void. The applicant is required to submit a new preliminary site plan for review and approval subject to the existing regulations.

G. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Caddo Parish Commission decision on both a planned unit development (PUD) and a small planned unit development (SPUD) to Caddo Parish Civil District Court.

16.810 ——SIGN PERMIT

A. Applicability

No sign, except those identified as exempt by this Code, may be erected, constructed, altered, or relocated without first obtaining a sign permit.

B. Authority

The Zoning Administrator, with concurrence of the Executive Director, is responsible for determining compliance with this Code and for issuing a sign permit.

C. Process

Upon the filing of an application for a sign permit, the Zoning Administrator will determine whether the application is complete. Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Zoning Administrator will:

- Examine the plans and specifications and the premises upon which the proposed structure is to be erected.
- Issue a permit if the structure complies with the requirements of this Code and all other ordinances, including the electrical code.

D. Inspection

The Zoning Administrator may inspect, as deemed appropriate, each sign regulated by this Code. The purpose of the inspection is to ascertain whether the structure is secure or insecure, whether in need of repair or removal, or not in conformance with the permit application or otherwise in violation of the provisions of this Code.

E. Expiration

If the work authorized under a sign permit is not completed within 180 days after the date of issuance, the sign permit becomes null and void.

F. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal the Zoning Administrator's decision on a sign permit to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

16.911 ZONING INTERPRETATION

A. Purpose

The interpretation authority is intended to recognize that the provisions of this Code, though detailed and extensive, cannot, as a practical matter, address every specific zoning issue. However, this zoning interpretation authority is not intended to add or change the essential content of the Code.

B. Initiation

The Caddo Parish Commission, or a property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may initiate a zoning interpretation application. All interpretation requests must be for the purpose of furthering some actual development.

C. Authority

The Executive Director will review and make final decisions on written requests for zoning interpretations.

D. Process

- 1. All applications for interpretations must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with the requirements in Section 15.1 (Application).
- 2. The Executive Director must review a written request for an interpretation and render the interpretation in writing within a reasonable time.
- 3. The Executive Director may request additional information prior to rendering an interpretation.

E. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal the Executive Director decision on a zoning interpretation to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

16.4012 TEMPORARY USE PERMIT

A. Purpose

A temporary use permit allows for the short-term use and/or placement of structures on a lot. The temporary use permit regulates temporary uses that occur entirely on and within a lot. Temporary uses located within the public right-of-way are regulated separately outside of this Code.

B. Initiation

A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, may initiate a temporary use permit application

C. Authority

The Zoning Administrator, with concurrence of the Executive Director, will review and make final decisions on temporary use permit applications.

D. Process

1. All applications for temporary use permit must be filed with the Zoning Administrator in accordance with the requirements in Section 15.1 (Application).

2. The Zoning Administrator must render a decision on the temporary use permit within 30 days of the date the application is deemed complete. The Zoning Administrator must review and evaluate the application, pursuant to the standards of this section, and approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application.

E. Approval Standards

All temporary uses must comply with the requirements of this Code, including the temporary use standards located in Article 6 (Use Standards), and the following additional standards:

- 1. Unless expressly allowed by this Code, the temporary use or structure complies with the yard and bulk requirements of the district in which it is located.
- 2. The temporary use does not negatively impact the public health, safety, and welfare.
- The temporary use is operated in accordance with such restrictions and conditions as the applicable police and fire department may require. The operator of the temporary use may be required to employ appropriate security personnel.
- 4. The temporary use does not conflict with another previously authorized temporary use.
- 5. The temporary use provides adequate parking if needed. If located on a lot with an operational principal use, does not impact the parking and site circulation of the principal use.

F. Expiration

The temporary use permit is valid only for the time period granted as part of the approval. If no time period is specified, then the temporary use permit is only valid for thirty (30) days.

G. Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Zoning Administrator decision on a temporary use permit to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

16.4113 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

The certificate of occupancy (CO) is the final construction document issued by the Zoning Administrator to authorize occupancy of a structure upon completion of all building and construction related issues. It is unlawful to operate a business without a certificate of occupancy. No building or structure shall be used or occupied, and no change in the existing occupancy classification of a building or structure or portion thereof, shall be made until the Zoning Administrator has issued a certificate of occupancy. The Zoning Administrator shall keep a record of all certificates of occupancy and compliance. The Zoning Administrator may revoke a certificate of occupancy and compliance when it is found that the building or land does not conform to the use or condition, if any, in the certificate. Each day a use continues after revocation of the certificate shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punished as provided therein.

16.14 TEMPORARY CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

A. Intent

A temporary certificate of occupancy (TCO) may be issued by the Zoning Administrator prior to the final certificate of occupancy (CO) being issued. The TCO is intended to acknowledge that some site features or building features may not be completed even though the site or building is safe for occupancy, or that a portion of the site or building can be safely occupied while work continues in another area. Then, upon application, the Zoning Administrator shall issue a CO when, after examination and inspection, it is found that the site and building, in all respects, conforms to the provisions of this Code, as well as all other regulatory codes, for the occupancy intended.

B. Applicability

 A TCO shall only be issued for non-residential development in which the City Engineer, Zoning Administer, Fire Department and Chief Building Official have determined a plan for completing the appropriate work has been established. Commercial establishments that include food service will also need Caddo Parish Health Department authorization.

- 2. TCO's requires all the same inspections as a CO and should only be issued when incidental construction remains. For this reason, the applicant should not view the TCO as a short cut to occupying the structure.
- 3. The following items will be considered before a TCO is issued:
 - **a.** The scope of the remaining work and its impact on the use of the space,
 - How the space will be maintained safe and accessible while the remaining work is completed, and
 - c. The timeframe needed to complete the remaining work.

16.4215 APPEAL OF ZONING ADMINISTRATOR OR EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

A. Purpose

The appeals process of an administrative decision is intended to provide appropriate checks and balances on the administrative authority of the Zoning Administrator or Executive Director.

B. Initiation

- 1. A property owner within the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Planning Commission's planning area, but outside of the corporate limits of the City of Shreveport, or person expressly authorized in writing by the property owner, that is directly affected by a determination of the Zoning Administrator or Executive Director may file an appeal of the Zoning Administrator or Executive Director's decision on an administrative exception (Section 16.5), zoning interpretation (Section 16.9), temporary use permit (Section 16.10), or other administrative zoning decision related to this Code, excluding site plan review.
- 2. The Executive Director's decision on site plan review is appealed to the Metropolitan Planning Commission in accordance with Section 16.6.

C. Authority

The Zoning Board of Appeals will take formal action on appeal applications of administrative decisions.

D. Process

- 1. All applications must be filed with the Executive Director in accordance with Section 15.1 (Application). Once it is determined that the application is complete, the Executive Director will schedule the appeal application for consideration by the Zoning Board of Appeals.
- 2. The application must be accompanied by a written statement that specifies the grounds for the appeal. The applicant for an appeal has the burden of proof to rebut the presumption of correctness of a determination of the Zoning Administrator or Executive Director by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 3. After receipt of a complete appeal application, the Zoning Board of Appeals will consider the proposed zoning appeal at a public hearing in accordance with Section 15.3 (Public Hearing). Notice for the public hearing must be in accordance with Section 15.2 (Notice). The Zoning Board of Appeals will consider whether the Zoning Administrator's or Executive Director's action was appropriate considering the details of the case and the requirements of this Code.
- **4.** Within 60 days of the close of the public hearing, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall either confirm or overturn the Zoning Administrator or Executive Director's administrative decision.

E. Limitations on Zoning Appeals

Within 30 days after the date of the decision, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Zoning Administrator, Executive Director or other staff administrative decision to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

F. Within 30 days after the date of the decision of the Zoning Board of Appeals, the applicant or any aggrieved party may appeal a Zoning Board of Appeals decision to the Caddo Parish Commission.

